

# Network Documentation

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# Outline

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- Introduction
- Key Documentation Elements
- Why Document?
- Documentation Tools
- Q&A

# Problem Statement

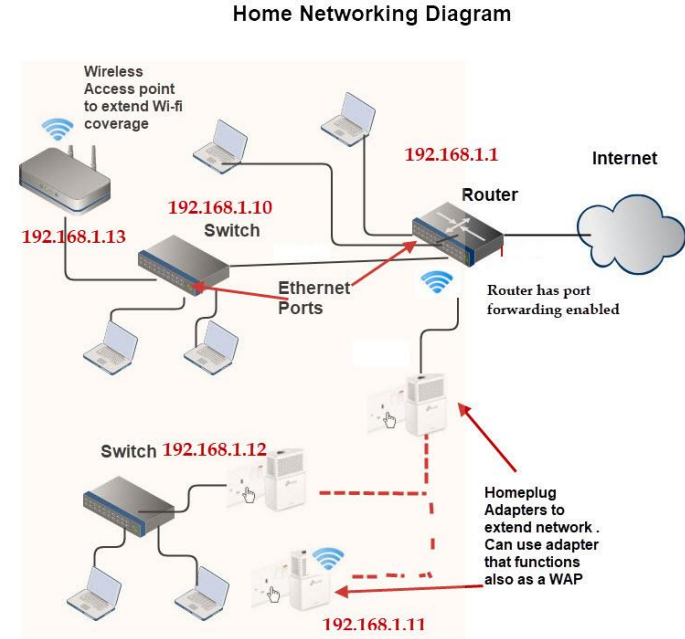


# Introduction

Network documentation is a technical record of the hardware, software, user profiles, and how it all works together.

## Purpose

- It aims to comprehensively understand the network's architecture, devices, configurations, and policies.



Notes: Home router is configured to assign IP addresses from 68 to 254.  
Ports below 68 are reserved for static addresses.  
Router has port forwarding enabled. See port forwarding list

# Why Document?



- Easy troubleshooting
- Succession planning
- Facilitate network planning and expansion
- Data Validation
- Tracking progress
- Enhance operational efficiency



# Key Documentation Elements

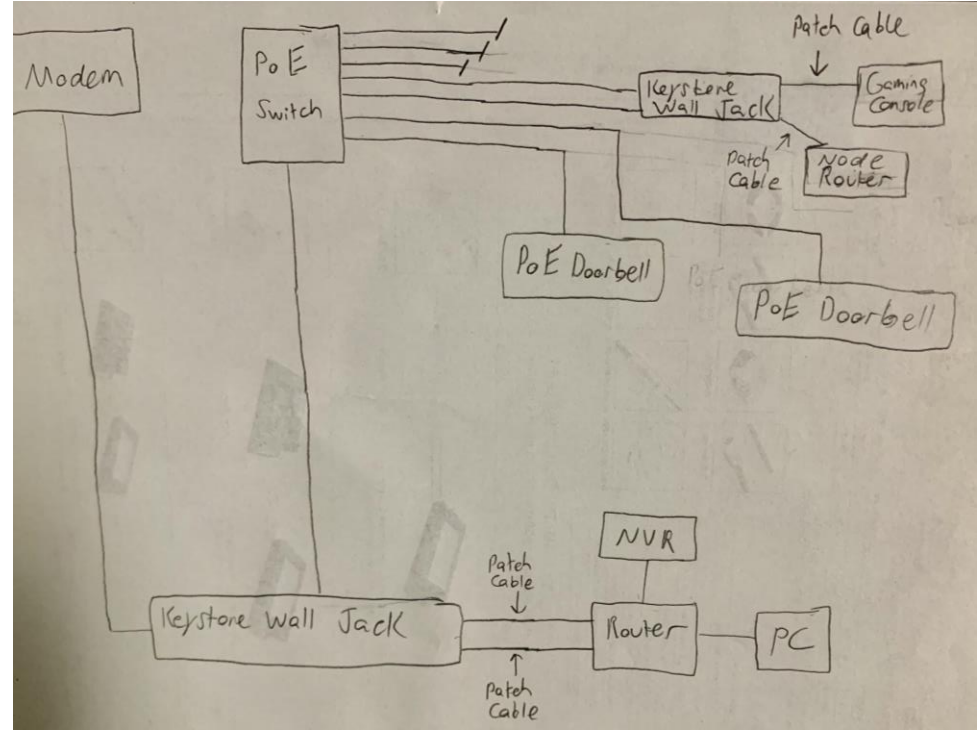


- Physical Network Inventory: devices, racks, cabling, location, and placement.
- Logical Network Topology: Network Maps, VLANs, Routing Protocols
- IP Address Management: IP Addresses, IP Utilization.
- Device Configurations: Configuration Files, Firmware and OS Versions, Hardware Details, and Interface Configurations.
- Network Services: DNS and DHCP, NTP, Proxy and VPN.
- Change Management: Change Logs, Change Requests, Approval Workflows, Rollback Procedures.

# Traditional Ways of Documentation



- Spreadsheets
- Text files
- Checking the router, server
- Printouts
- Sticky notes



# Documentation Tools



- phpIPAM
- draw.io
- NetBox
- RANCID
- SolarWinds
- Excel
- Word



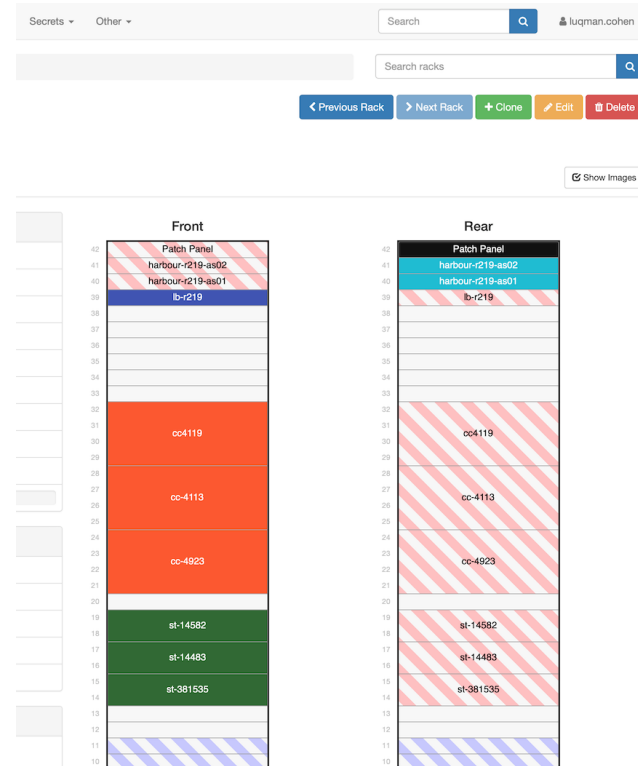
**{php}IPAM**



# Features of an Effective Tool



- User-Friendly Interface
- Real-Time Updates
- Search and Retrieval
- Security Features
- Scalability
- Collaboration and Sharing
- Reporting and Analytics
- Lightweight



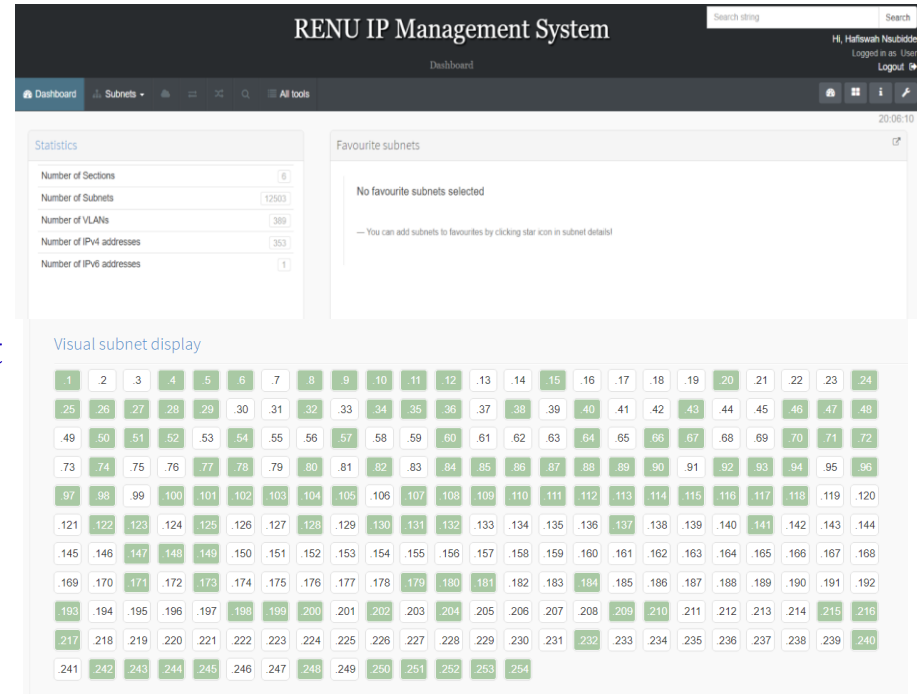
# phpIPAM



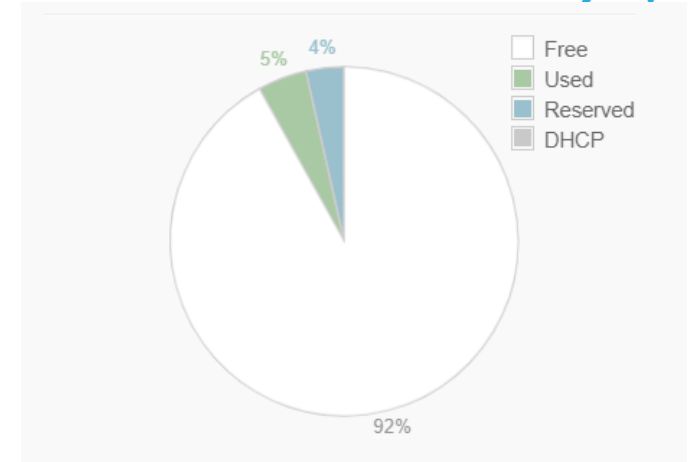
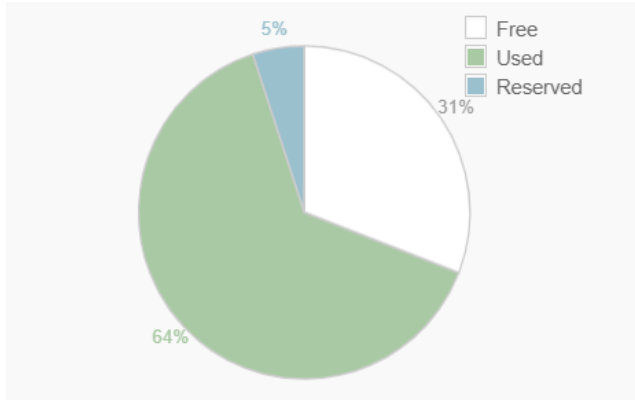
IPAM is a crucial aspect of network management that involves planning, monitoring IP allocation, assignment, and tracking IP addresses within a network.

## Features of phpIPAM

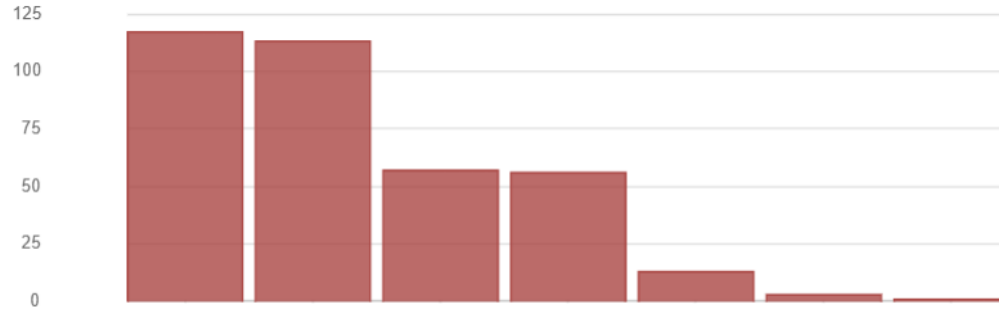
- Open Source
- Centralized Management
- IP Address Allocation and Assignment
- Subnet Management
- IPV6 Support
- IP Address tracking and monitoring



# phpIPAM - IP Utilization



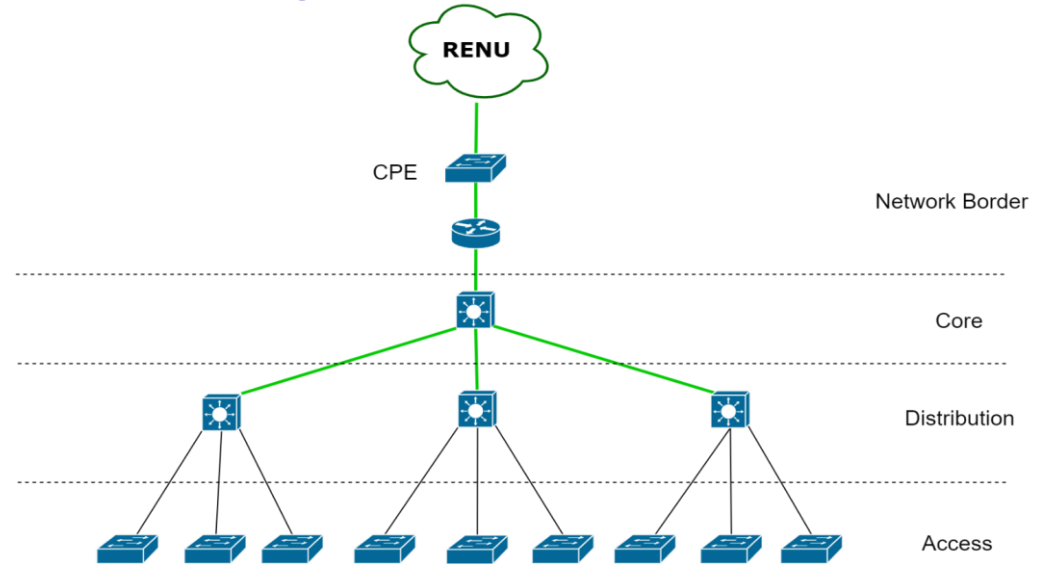
Top 10 IPv4 subnets by number of hosts



draw.io is a free, web-based diagram tool that allows users to create a variety of diagrams including network diagrams, flowcharts, and more.

## Features

- Open source
- User-friendly interface
- Extensive Shape Library
- Collaboration and sharing
- Offline access
- Integration with other tools



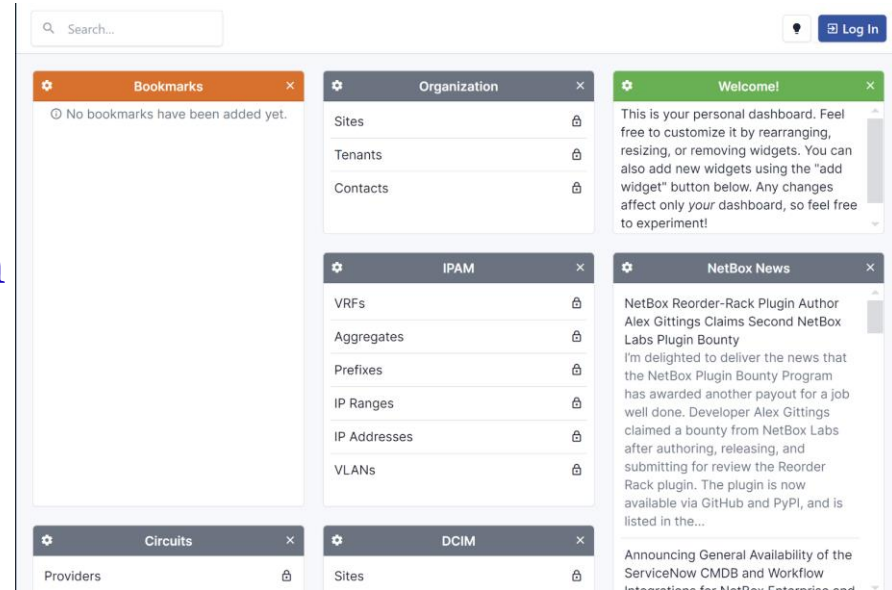
# NetBox



NetBox is an open-source web application designed to help manage and document computer networks.

## Features

- IP Address Management
- Network Topology Visualization
- Advanced Search and Filtering
- Virtualization and Tenancy
- Device Lifecycle Management
- Inventory Management
- Data Center Management



# RANCID


RANCID is an open-source tool designed to manage network device configurations.

RANCID monitors a router's configuration, including software and hardware.

/[rancid]/routers/configs

## Index of /routers/configs

Files shown: 5  
 Directory revision: [13](#) (of [13](#))  
 Sticky Revision:



File ^	Rev.	Age	Author	Last log entry
↳ <a href="#">Parent Directory</a>				
↳ <a href="#">_cvsignore</a>	<a href="#">4</a>	11 minutes	rancid	set svn:ignore
↳ <a href="#">bdr1.campus6.ws.nsrc.org</a>	<a href="#">13</a>	3 minutes	rancid	updates
↳ <a href="#">core1.campus6.ws.nsrc.org</a>	<a href="#">13</a>	3 minutes	rancid	updates
↳ <a href="#">dist1-b1.campus6.ws.nsrc.org</a>	<a href="#">13</a>	3 minutes	rancid	updates
↳ <a href="#">dist1-b2.campus6.ws.nsrc.org</a>	<a href="#">13</a>	3 minutes	rancid	updates

### Properties

Name	Value
svn:ignore	.old *.new *.raw

Powered by [ViewVC 1.1.22](#)

[ViewVC Help](#)

# Key Features



- Automated Configuration Backup
- Web Interface
- Multi-Vendor Support
- Troubleshooting and diagnostics
- Uses Concurrent Version

System(CVS) to maintain history of changes.

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/15 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/16 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/17 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/18 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/19 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/20 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/21 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/22 unit 0 family ethernet-switching
set interfaces ge-0/0/23 description "Link to [REDACTED]"
set interfaces ge-0/0/23 unit 0 family ethernet-switching port-mode ac
set interfaces ge-0/0/23 unit 0 family ethernet-switching vlan members
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 description "Link to [REDACTED]"
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 mtu [REDACTED]
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 unit 0 family ethernet-switching port-mode tru
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 unit 0 family ethernet-switching vlan members
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 unit 0 family ethernet-switching vlan members
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 unit 0 family ethernet-switching vlan members
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set interfaces ge-0/1/0 unit 0 family ethernet-switching vlan members
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 unit 0 family ethernet-switching vlan members
set interfaces ge-0/1/0 unit 0 family ethernet-switching vlan members
set interfaces ge-0/1/1 description "Link to [REDACTED]"
```

# References

<https://phpipam.net/documents/installation/>

<https://get.diagrams.net/>

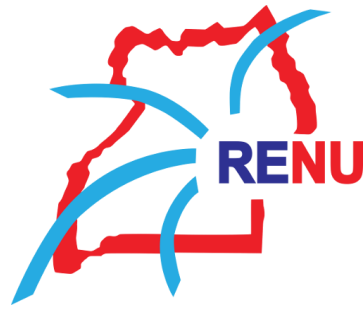
<https://netboxlabs.com/docs/netbox/en/stable/installation/>

<https://docs.librenms.org/Extensions/Rancid/#ubuntu-rancid-install>

<https://nsrc.org/workshops/ws->

<files/2011/sanog17/exercises/exercises-rancid.html>





# THE END